

Navigator

INVESTMENT, TAX AND LIFESTYLE PERSPECTIVES FROM RBC WEALTH MANAGEMENT SERVICES

New measures to assist taxpayers during COVID-19 pandemic

Please contact us for more information about the topics discussed in this article.

RRIF minimum payment proposed to be reduced by 25% for 2020 and income tax filing and payment extensions

Both the Canadian and United States (U.S.) governments have introduced a number of measures to help alleviate financial hardship for Canadian resident and U.S. taxpayers brought on by COVID-19. Both countries have introduced measures to postpone certain tax filings and in some cases, payment deadlines. While these extensions may come as a relief during this stressful time, you may want to consider filing as early as possible if you are expecting a tax refund. Further, if you are entitled to the Canada Child Benefit and/or the GST credit, the Canadian government encourages you to not delay your tax filings so that your 2020-2021 benefits are properly determined.

Proposed temporary reduction of RRIF minimum withdrawals

The Canadian government has announced a proposal to reduce Registered Retirement Income Fund (RRIF) minimum withdrawals by 25% only for 2020. Your RRIF minimum payment for each year, after the year your RRIF is established, is calculated by multiplying the fair market value (FMV) of your RRIF at the end of the previous year by a prescribed percentage factor. The prescribed percentage depends on your age or your spouse's or common-law partner's age (if applicable) at the end of the previous year (depending on whose age you elected at the time the RRIF was established).

Note it is possible to take a RRIF payment by transferring investments in-kind from your RRIF directly into your non-registered account. It is not necessary for your RRIF investments to mature or to be liquidated before you transfer them.

The reduction in minimum payment will apply to individuals receiving variable benefit payments under a defined contribution registered pension plan. As locked-in plans are subject to the same tax legislation as regular registered plans (such as RRIFs), the proposed legislation will also apply to life income

funds (LIFs) and prescribed registered retirement income funds (prescribed RRIFs). A LIF or prescribed RRIF is similar to a RRIF to the extent that an individual must receive at least the annual minimum payment from the plan.

Additional details on how this change is to be administered should be included in draft legislation which is expected to be released shortly.

Canadian tax deadlines (other than Quebec)

Filing deadlines

The following table summarizes various 2019 tax filing deadlines:

	Regular deadline	Extended deadline
Personal income tax filing	April 30, 2020	June 1, 2020
Personal income tax filing if you or your spouse or common-law partner were self-employed	June 15, 2020	June 15, 2020 (no extension)
Trust with December 31 year end income tax filing	March 30, 2020	May 1, 2020
Corporate income tax filing	Varies depending on the corporation's specific circumstances	No extension

Currently, the government has not commented with respect to the extension of partnership filing deadlines. It should also be noted that the government's extension of the trust income tax return filing deadline to May 1 may mean that trust beneficiaries and unit holders will have to delay filing their tax returns until they receive their T3 tax slips.

Payment of taxes

The Canada Revenue Agency will allow all taxpayers, including individuals, trusts, and corporations, to defer the payment of any income tax amounts and tax instalments that may become owing on or after March 18, 2020 and before September 2020 until September 1, 2020. For example, personal income taxes that would normally need to be paid by April 30, can be delayed until September 1, 2020. As well, any personal tax instalment payment that would normally need to be made by June 15, 2020 can be made as late as September 1, 2020.

Alberta corporate tax filings

A corporation that has a permanent establishment in Alberta may also need to file an Alberta corporate income tax return in addition to a federal tax return. The Alberta government is deferring the payment deadline of corporate income tax balances and instalment payments, due on or after March 19, 2020, until August 31, 2020.

Quebec tax deadlines

Income tax filing

If you are a resident of Quebec, you will need to file a federal income tax return as well as a Quebec income tax return. The following table summarizes various 2019 income tax filing deadlines:

	Regular deadline	Extended deadline
Personal income tax filing	April 30, 2020	June 1, 2020
Personal income tax filing if you or your spouse or common-law partner were self-employed	June 15, 2020	June 15, 2020 (no extension)
Trust income tax filing	March 30, 2020	May 1, 2020
Corporate income tax filing	Varies depending on the corporation's specific circumstances	No extension

Payment of taxes

For individuals, any Quebec income taxes owing relating to the 2019 tax year that would normally be due on April 30, 2020, can be paid by September 1, 2020. Any taxes owed by a trust (other than a specified-investment flow-through trust) that would be due as of March 17, 2020 must be paid by September 1, 2020. Any taxes owing by a corporation that are due between March 17, 2020 and August 31, 2020 may be paid no later than September 1, 2020.

For individuals and trusts who are required to make tax instalments, the June 15, 2020 tax instalment is suspended until September 1, 2020. The date and terms of payment of this amount will be announced by the Quebec Minister of Finance at a later date. Similarly, in the case of a corporation, any instalment payment that is due between March 17, 2020 and August 31, 2020 is suspended until September 1, 2020.

US individual federal tax returns filing deadline and payment of taxes

If you are a U.S. person (U.S. citizen or green card holder) living in Canada, you may still have U.S. tax obligations. Normally, you must file your U.S. federal income tax return by April 15. However, if you reside outside the U.S. on April 15 and your main place of business or employment is outside the U.S., the filing deadline is automatically extended to June 15. You may also be able to request an additional extension to file your U.S. income tax return by October 15.

Regardless of your filing deadline date, any U.S. federal tax owed must normally be paid by April 15. The U.S. government is extending the federal tax payment deadline on up to \$1 million dollars in taxes to July 15, 2020.

If you are subject to U.S. state tax, you will need to check with your state to see if there are any extensions.

This article may contain strategies, not all of which will apply to your particular financial circumstances. The information in this article is not intended to provide legal, tax or insurance advice. To ensure that your own circumstances have been properly considered and that action is taken based on the latest information available, you should obtain professional advice from a qualified tax, legal and/or insurance advisor before acting on any of the information in this article.



This document has been prepared for use by the RBC Wealth Management member companies, RBC Dominion Securities Inc. (RBC DS)*, RBC Phillips, Hager & North Investment Counsel Inc. (RBC PH&N IC), RBC Global Asset Management Inc. (RBC GAM), Royal Trust Corporation of Canada and The Royal Trust Company (collectively, the "Companies") and their affiliates, RBC Direct Investing Inc. (RBC DI) *, RBC Wealth Management Financial Services Inc. (RBC WMFS) and Royal Mutual Funds Inc. (RMFI). *Member-Canadian Investor Protection Fund. Each of the Companies, their affiliates and the Royal Bank of Canada are separate corporate entities which are affiliated. "RBC advisor" refers to Private Bankers who are employees of Royal Bank of Canada and mutual fund representatives of RMFI, Investment Counsellors who are employees of RBC PH&N IC, Senior Trust Advisors and Trust Officers who are employees of The Royal Trust Company or Royal Trust Corporation of Canada, or Investment Advisors who are employees of RBC DS. In Quebec, financial planning services are provided by RMFI or RBC WMFS and each is licensed as a financial services firm in that province. In the rest of Canada, financial planning services are available through RMFI, Royal Trust Corporation of Canada, The Royal Trust Company, or RBC DS. Estate and trust services are provided by Royal Trust Corporation of Canada and The Royal Trust Company. If specific products or services are not offered by one of the Companies or RMFI, clients may request a referral to another RBC partner. Insurance products are offered through RBC Wealth Management Financial Services Inc., a subsidiary of RBC Dominion Securities Inc. When providing life insurance products in all provinces except Quebec, Investment Advisors are acting as Insurance Representatives of RBC Wealth Management Financial Services Inc. in Quebec, Investment Advisors are acting as Financial Security Advisors of RBC Wealth Management Financial Services Inc. RBC Wealth Management Financial Services Inc. is licensed as a financial services firm in the province of Quebec. The strategies, advice and technical content in this publication are provided for the general guidance and benefit of our clients, based on information believed to be accurate and complete, but we cannot guarantee its accuracy or completeness. This publication is not intended as nor does it constitute tax or legal advice. Readers should consult a qualified legal, tax or other professional advisor when planning to implement a strategy. This will ensure that their individual circumstances have been considered properly and that action is taken on the latest available information. Interest rates, market conditions, tax rules, and other investment factors are subject to change. This information is not investment advice and should only be used in conjunction with a discussion with your RBC advisor. None of the Companies, RMFI, RBC WMFS, RBC DI, Royal Bank of Canada or any of its affiliates or any other person accepts any liability whatsoever for any direct or consequential loss arising from any use of this report or the information contained herein. ®/TM Registered trademarks of Royal Bank of Canada. Used under licence. © 2020 Royal Bank of Canada. All rights reserved. NAV0260 (03/20)